

Multifrequency surveys of the Virgo cluster: **ALFALFA, HeViCS, SMAKCED, NGVS, GUViCS**

Alessandro BOSELLI,
on behalf of the different science teams

Introduction: the general context

Which are the main driver of galaxy evolution ?

Galaxies are distributed within the Universe in a non homogeneous way (voids, groups, superclusters, clusters..)

In high density environments both gravitational interactions and interactions with the cluster IGM can heavily affect the physical properties of galaxies

Which is the role of the environment on galaxy evolution?

Introduction: the multifrequency approach

- 1) Important to trace the different galaxy components (stars, gas, dust...)
- 2) Necessary to reconstruct the intrinsic SED (dust extinction....)
- 3) Critical for identifying the nature of the undergoing perturbation

Introduction: the Virgo cluster

- 1) The closest rich cluster of galaxies \Rightarrow perfect target to study the effect of the environment on galaxy evolution (dwarf galaxy population, angular resolution, multifrequency data...)
- 2) Unrelaxed, spiral rich cluster \Rightarrow example of ongoing formation process
- 3) Different ongoing blind/pointed surveys (NGVS, HeViCS, ALFALFA, SMAKCED, GUViCS...) \Rightarrow complete multifrequency coverage

ALFALFA (The Arecibo Legacy Fast ALFA Survey): HI 21 cm survey with ALFA at Arecibo

<http://egg.astro.cornell.edu/alfalfa/docs/index.php>

PI: R. Giovanelli & M. Haynes (Cornell)

Area: 104 sq.deg (7000 sq.deg)

Integration time: 4130 h

Angular resolution : 3.5'

Velocity range: -1600 km/s < cz < 18000 km/s

Sensitivity: 2.4 mJy/beam @ 5 km/s

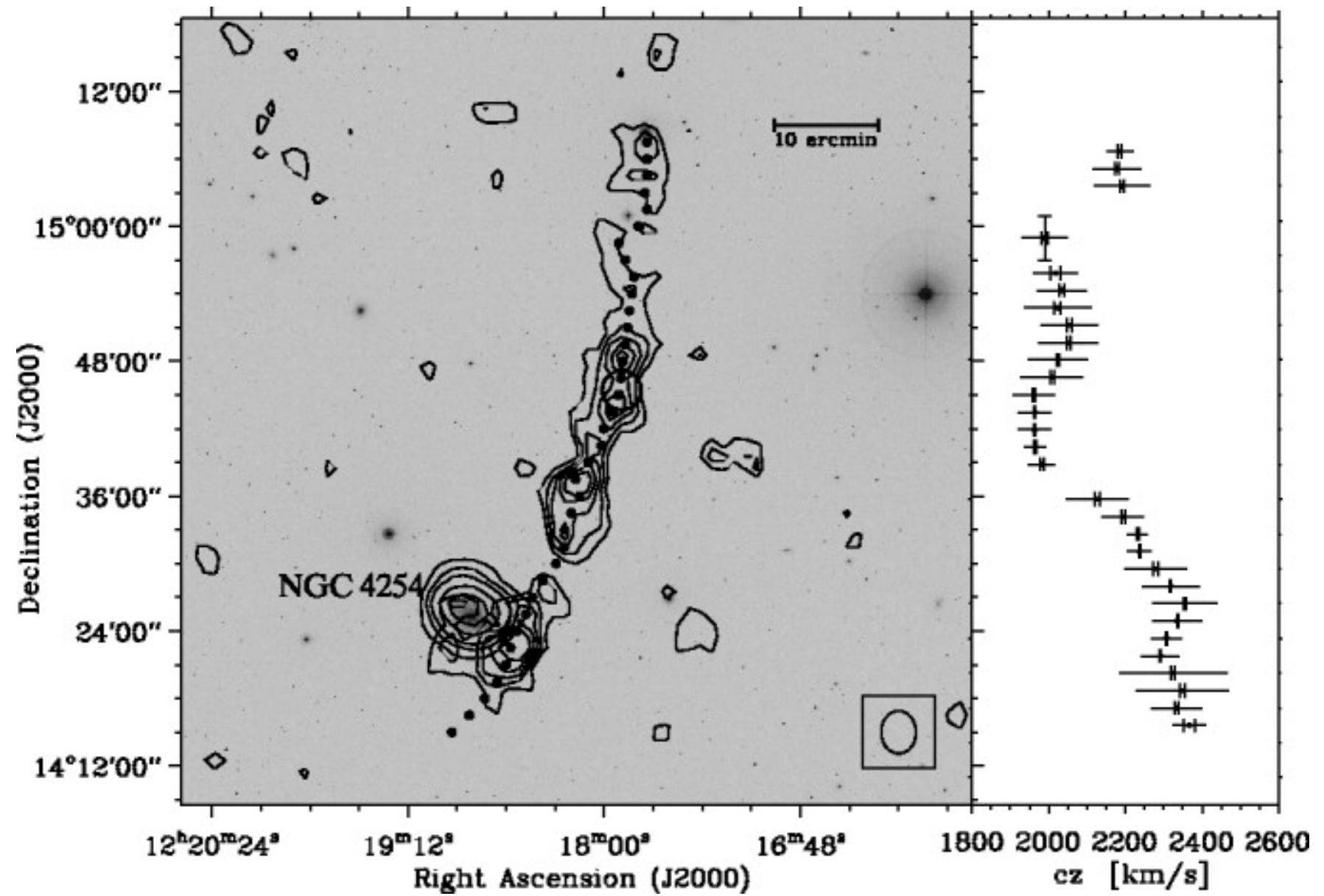
HI mass limit: $\sim 10^{7.5}$ Mo

Status: Completed

Publications: Giovanelli et al 2005, **2007**; Kent et al 2007,
2008, 2009; Koopmann et al 2008; Gavazzi et al 2008, di
Serego Alighieri et al 2007, Haynes et al 2007....

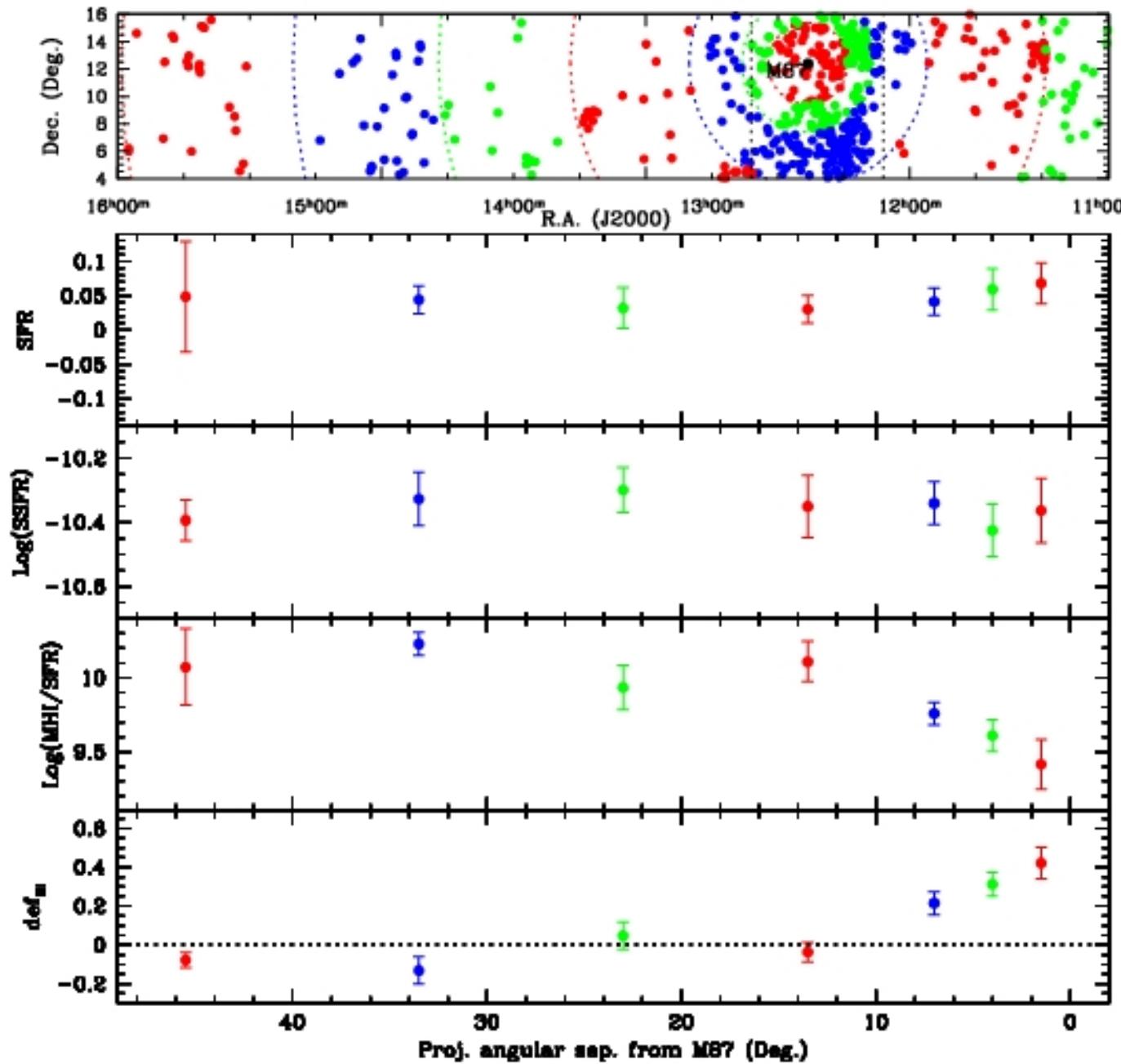
Haynes et al 2011 (+4<dec<+16)

NGC4254 an act of harassment seen by ALFALFA



Haynes et al 2007

ALFALFA HI data: Halpha follow up (SPM)



Gavazzi et al
2012a,b

HeViCS (The Herschel Virgo Cluster Survey):

FIR: 100, 160, 250, 350, 500 mic

<http://www.arcetri.astro.it/twiki/bin/view/HeViCS/WebHome>

PI: J. Davies (Cardiff)

Area: 60 sq.deg

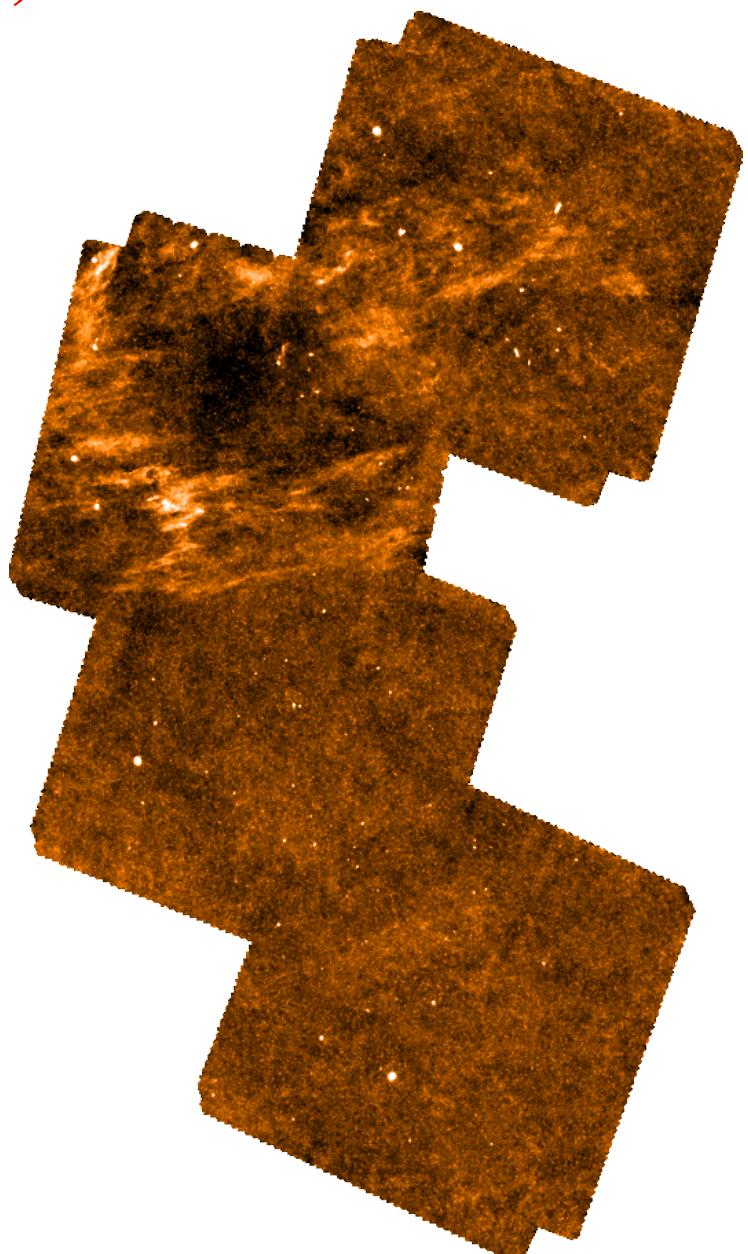
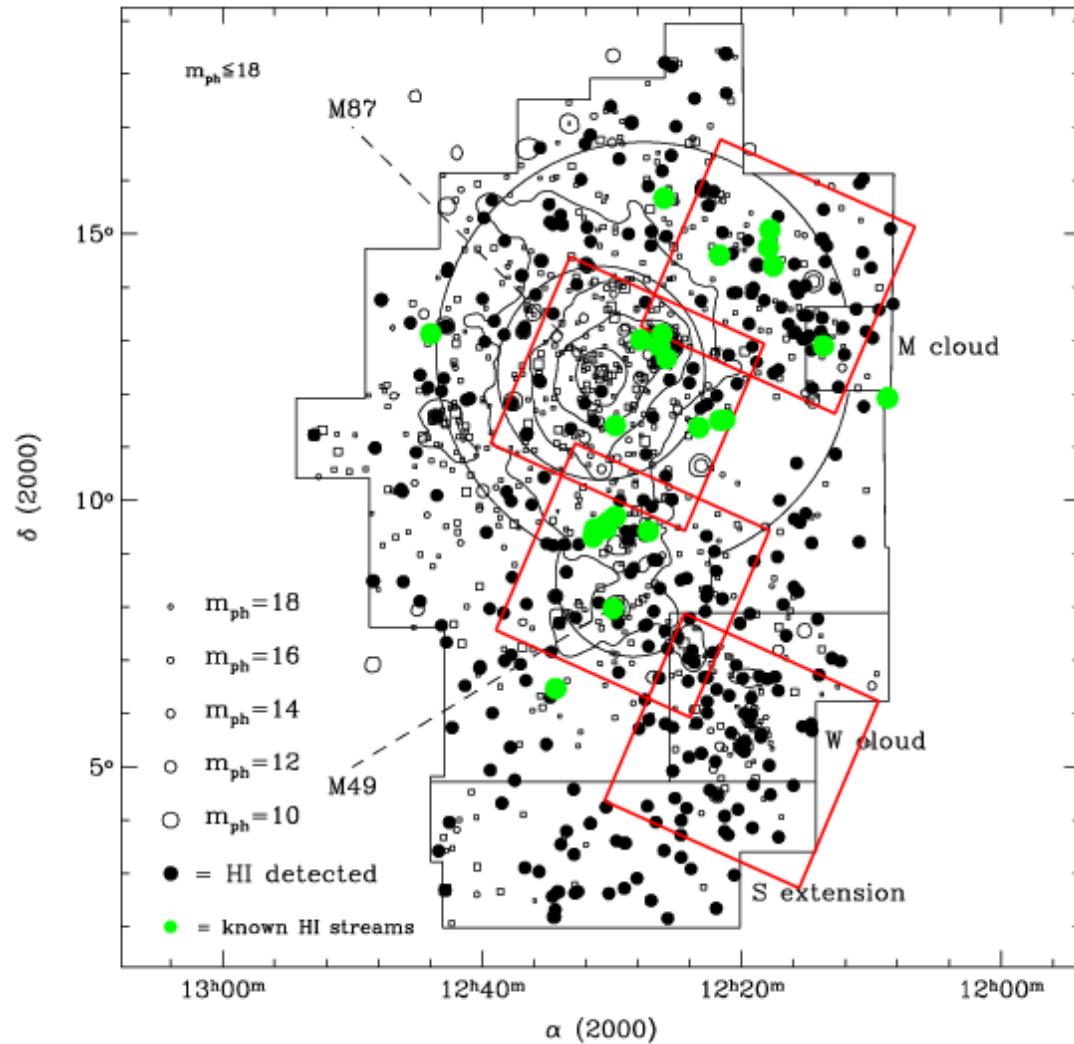
Integration time: 286 h

Sensitivity: ~ confusion limit: 6.8, 3.1 (PACS), 1.0, 0.7, 0.3
(SPIRE) MJy/sr

Resolution: ~7-35 arcsec

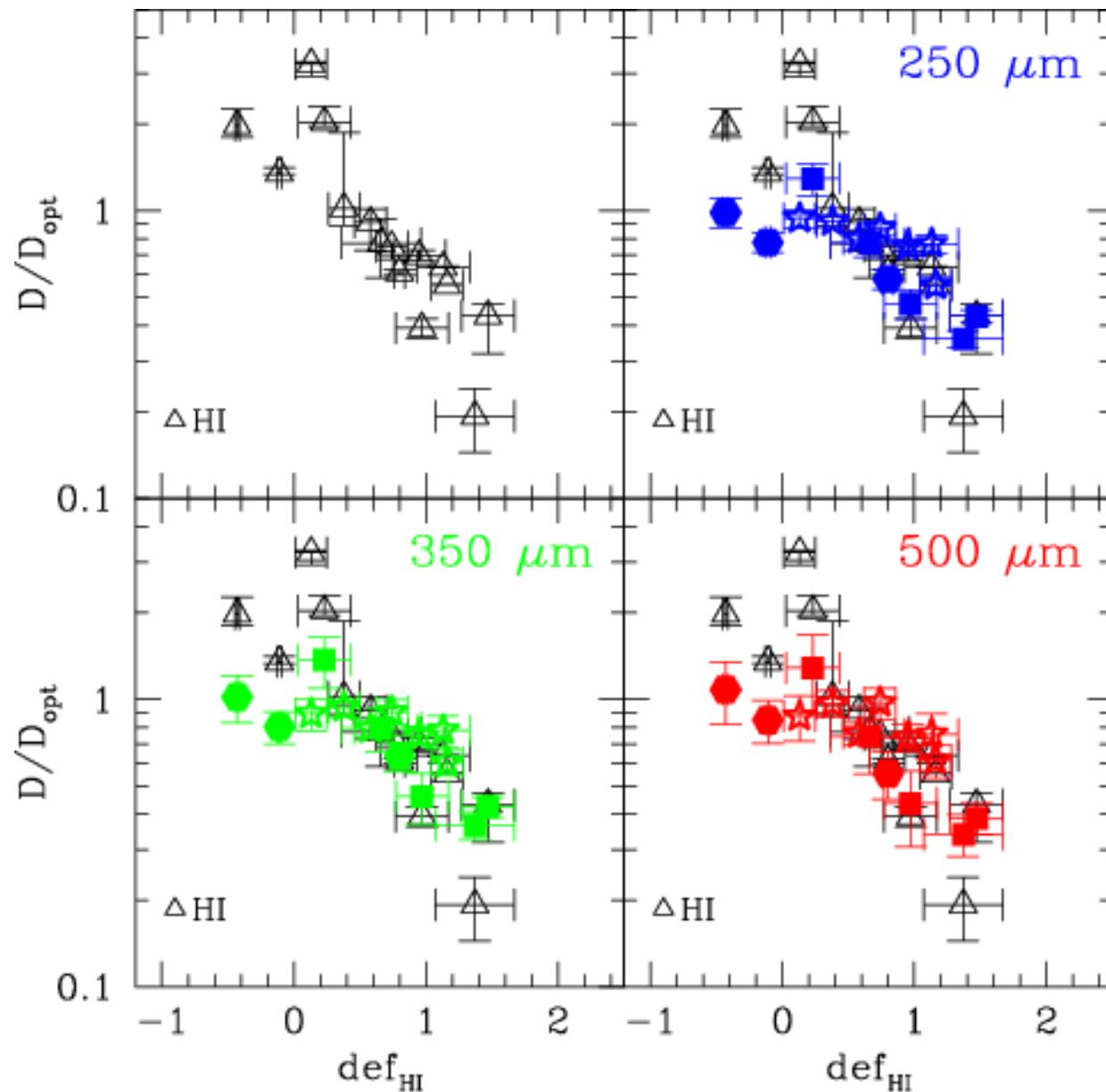
Status: completed

HeViCS (The Herschel Virgo Cluster Survey): FIR: 100, 160, 250, 350, 500 mic



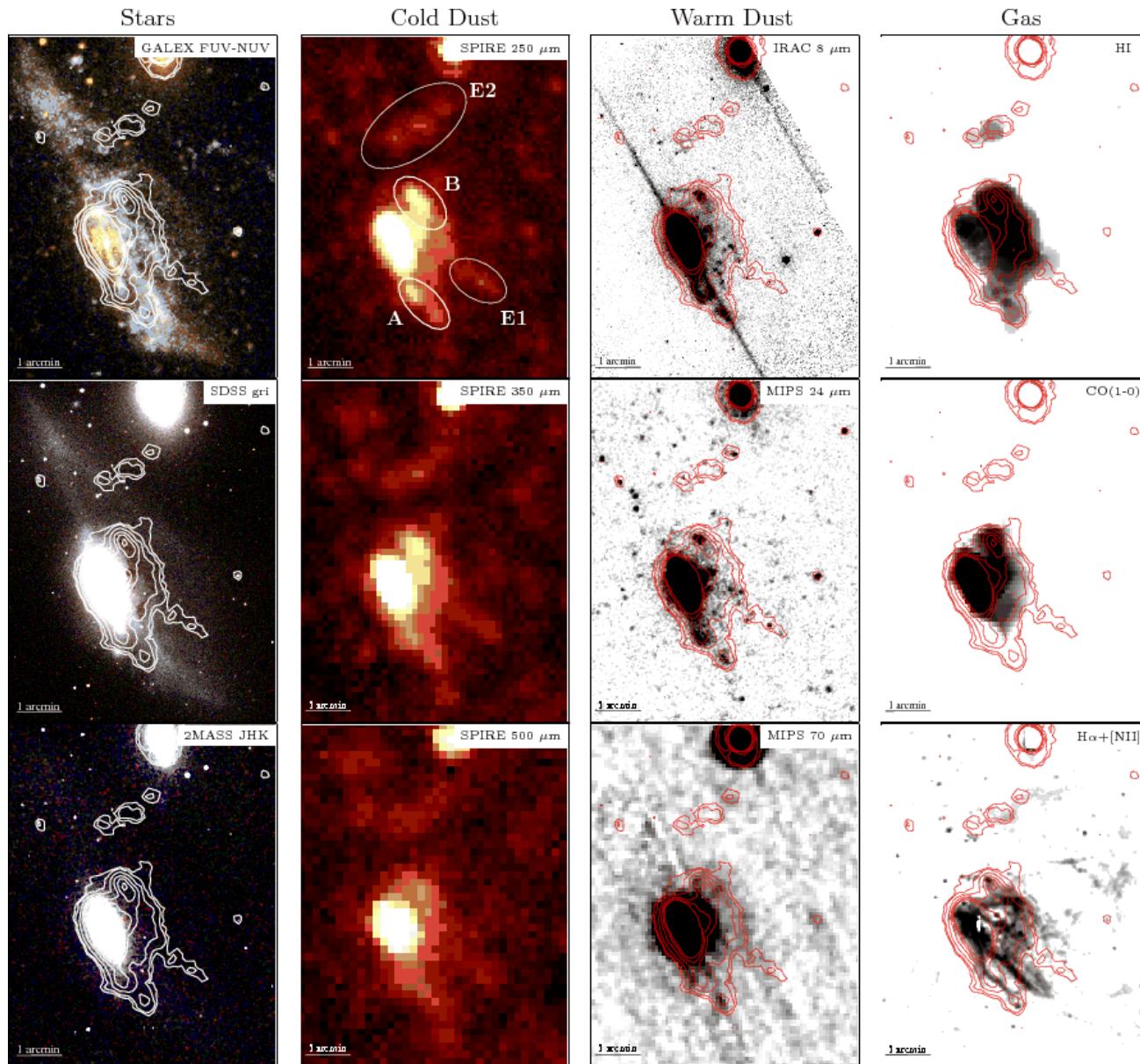
Davies et al 2011

Dust stripping in gas deficient galaxies



Cortese et al 2010a

NGC4438: dust stripping in tidal interactions



Cortese et al 2010b

**SMAKCED (Stellar populations, Masses and Kinematics
of Clusters Early Type Dwarfs):
NIR (H,K) imaging and high resolution optical
spectroscopy**

PI: T. Lisker, J. Janz (NIR imaging) & E. Toloba
(spectroscopy)

<http://smakced.net>

Pointed observations on \sim 100-200 dE galaxies in Virgo

NIR imaging

Telescope
NOT, TNG, NTT

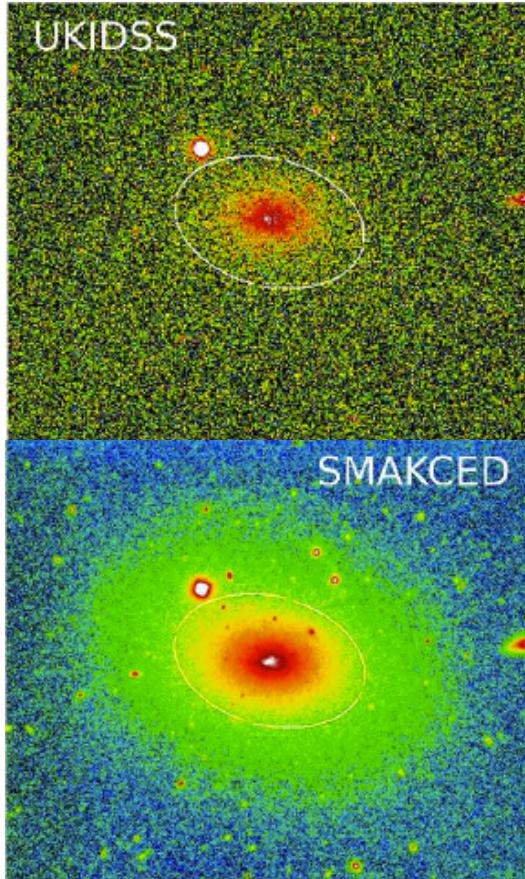
Nights
50

HR spectroscopy

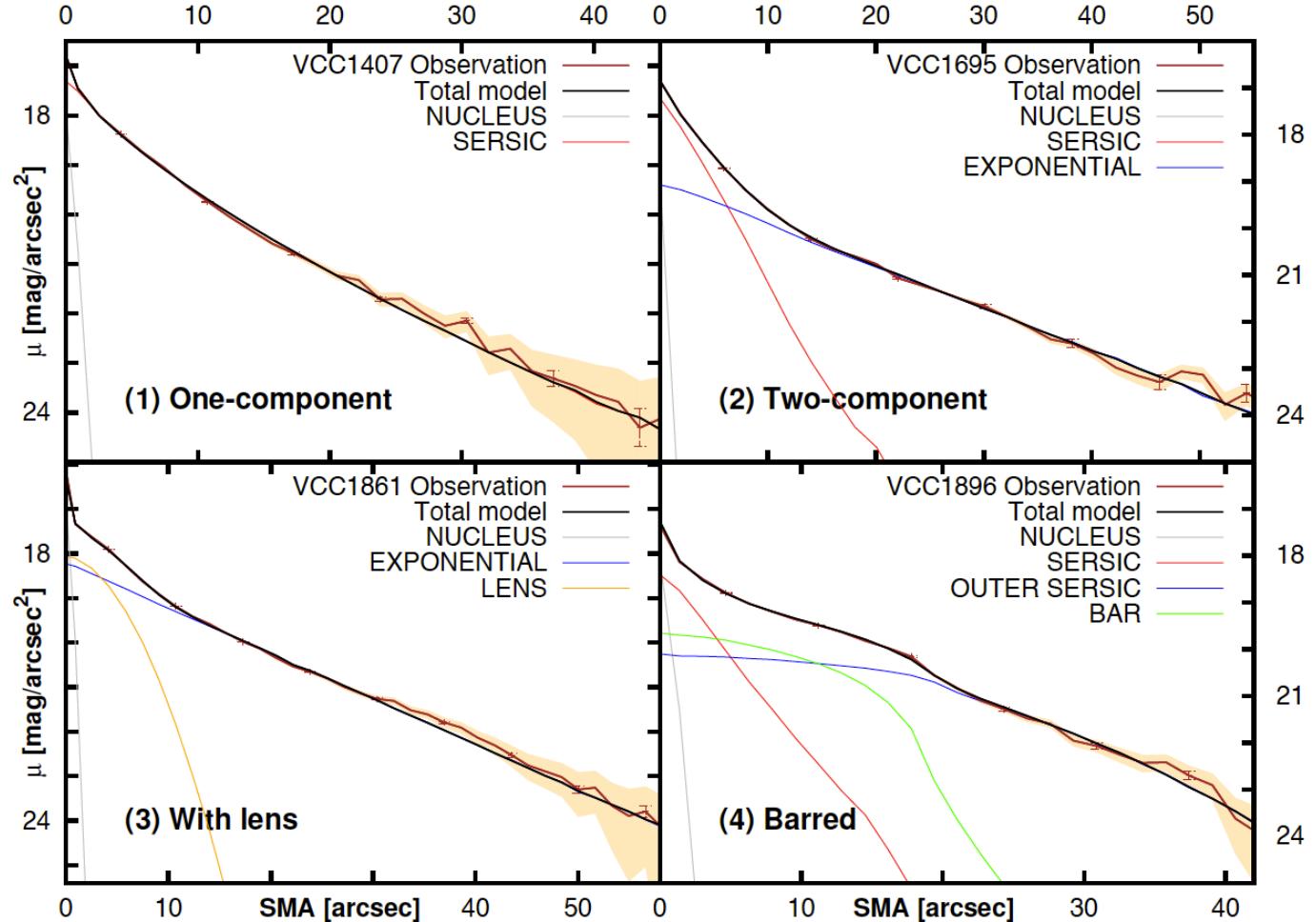
Telescope
WHT, VLT

Nights
21

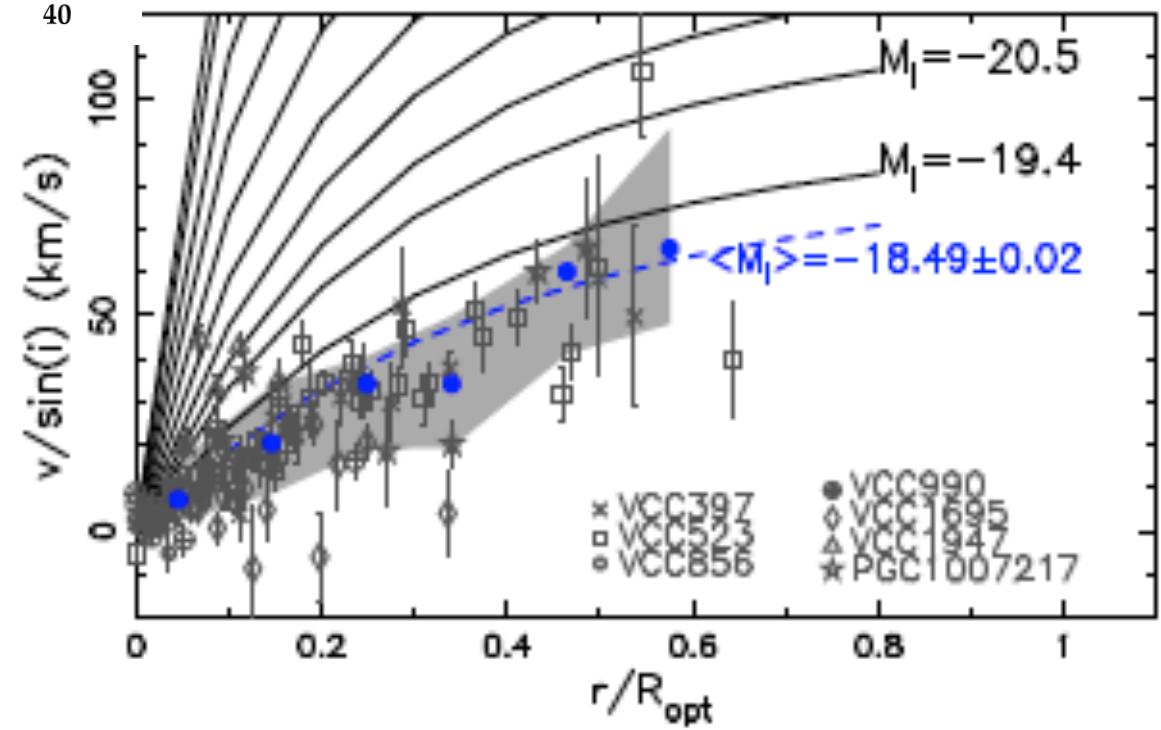
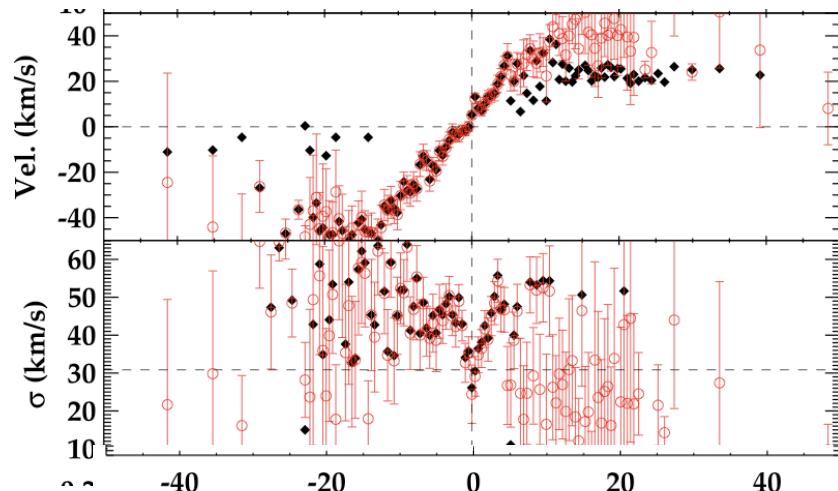
SMAKCED: NIR imaging; dE have a multiple component structure



Janz et al 2012



SMAKCED: HR spectroscopy; dE have rotation curves similar to late type spirals



Toloba et al 2011

NGVS: Next Generation Virgo cluster Survey

<https://www.astrosci.ca/NGVS/>

[The Next Generation Virgo Cluster Survey/Home.html](The_Next_Generation_Virgo_Cluster_Survey/Home.html)

PI L.Ferrarese

Sky area: ~ 104 sq.deg. *ugriz*

771 h with MEGACAM at the CFHT (2009-2012)

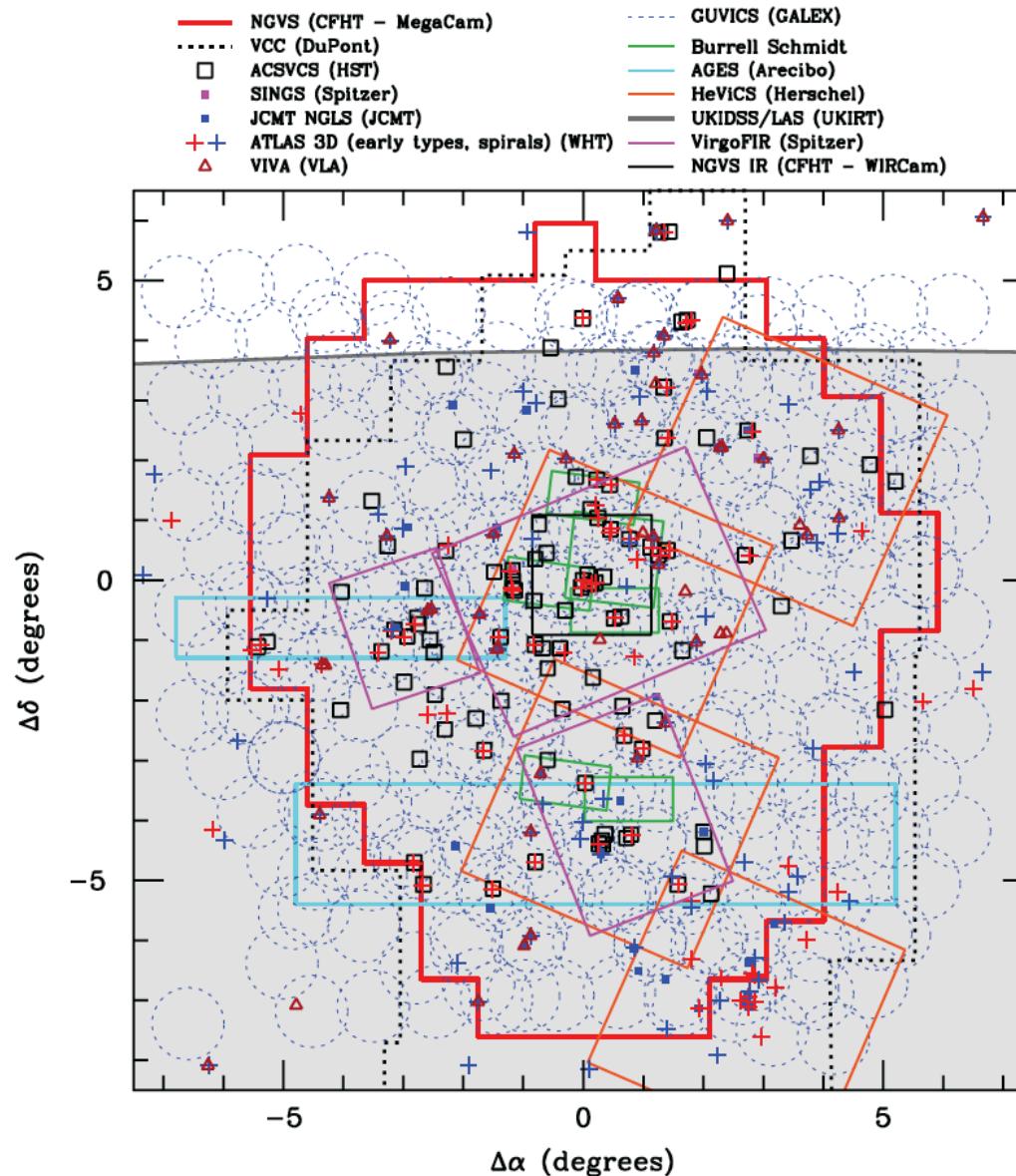
Sensitivity: $\sim g$ 25.9 AB mag ; $\sim g$ 29 AB mag arcsec $^{-2}$

Detection rate: $\sim 3 \cdot 10^7$ sources

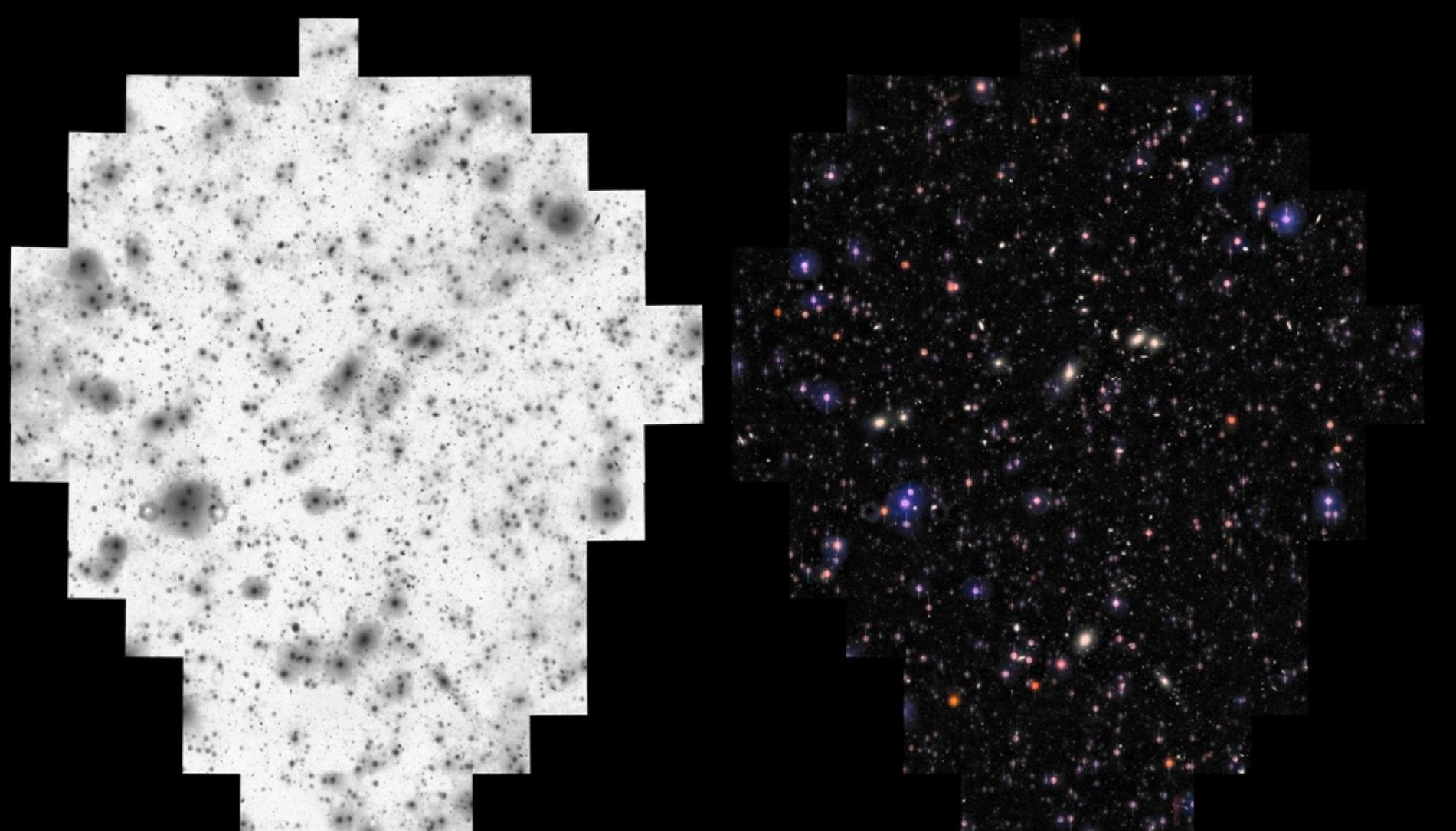
Mean seeing: < 1arcsec

Status: lost 123 h this semester for dome failure

NGVS



Ferrarese et al 2012



Completed 104 sq. deg. mosaic in MegaCam g' -band
Image quality: 0.8'', 53 mn integration per 0.187'' pixel
Point source detection at SNR=5: $g'=26.2$

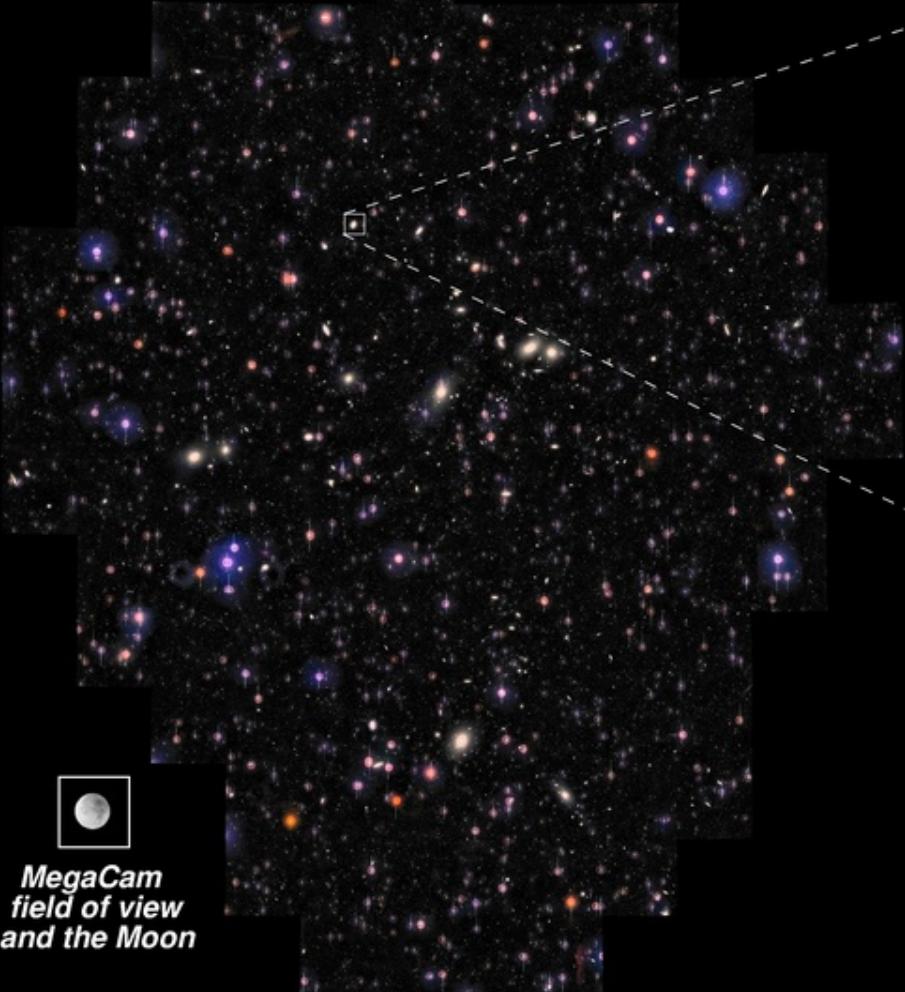
Completed 104 sq. deg. mosaic in MegaCam $g'i'z'$ bands
Image quality: 0.8'', 0.6'', 0.7'' (53/34/64 mn per pixel)
Point source detection at SNR=5: $g'=26.2$ $i'=24.9$ $z'=24.2$



The Next Generation Virgo Cluster Survey

The NGVS is five-year large program
with MegaCam on CFHT (2009/2013)



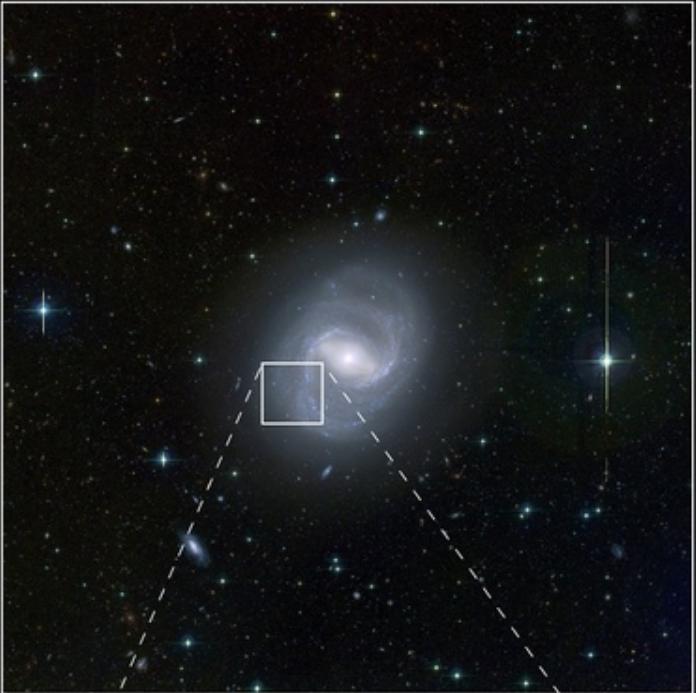


MegaCam
field of view
and the Moon

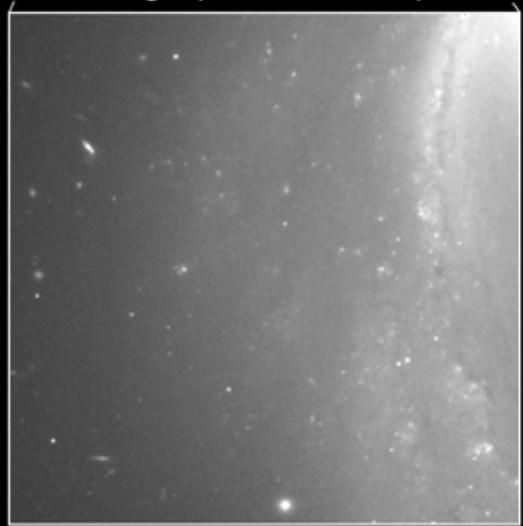
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Image quality: 0.8'', 0.6'', 0.7'' (53/34/64 mn per pixel)
Point source detection at SNR=5: g'=26.2 i'=24.9 z'=24.2



The Next Generation Virgo Cluster Survey



Messier 91 in u*g*i' (NGVS u* = 0.9''), 20'x20' field

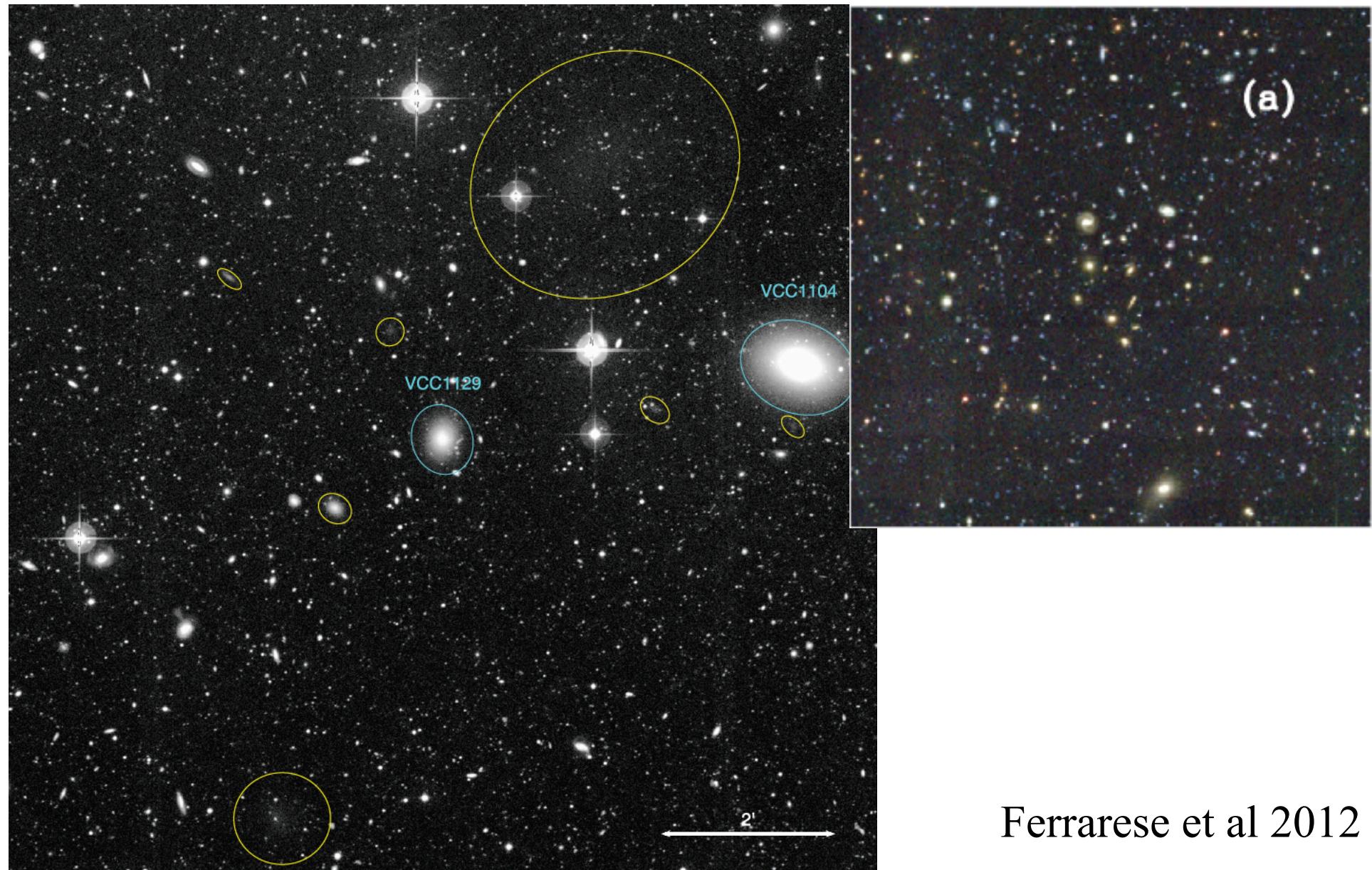


i'-band, 0.55'', 2'x2' field

The NGVS is a sub-arcsecond survey
thanks to Mauna Kea's superb seeing

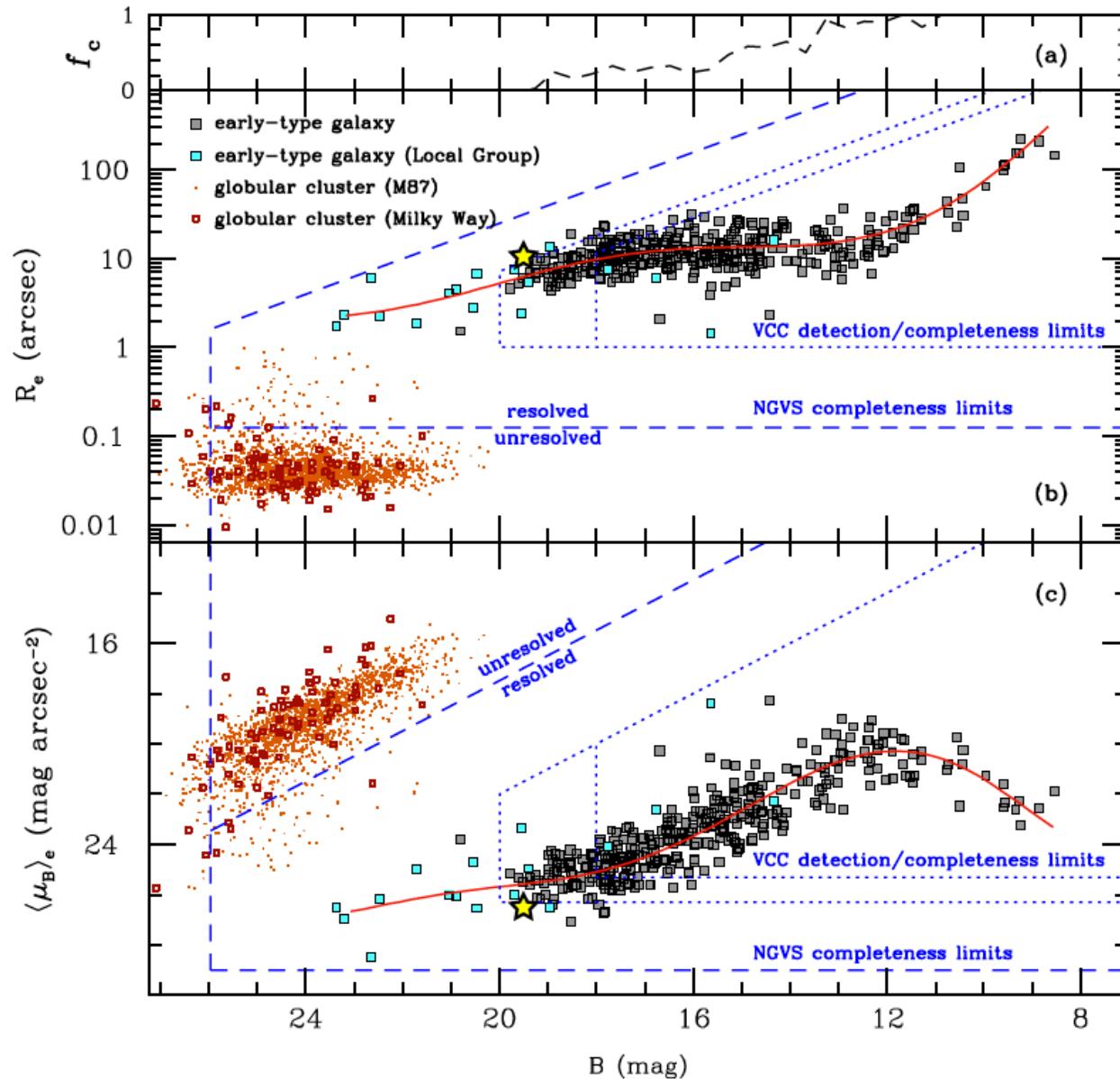


NGVS



Ferrarese et al 2012

NGVS: testing scaling relations down to GC scales



Ferrarese et al 2012

GUViCS: a complete GALEX survey of the Virgo cluster (cycle 6)

<http://galex.oamp.fr/guvics/index.html>

PI A. Boselli

Sky area: ~ 120 sq.deg. NUV (2316 Å) and ~ 40 sq.deg. FUV (1539 Å) survey of the Virgo cluster (**94 sq.deg. covered by the present survey in the NUV band**)

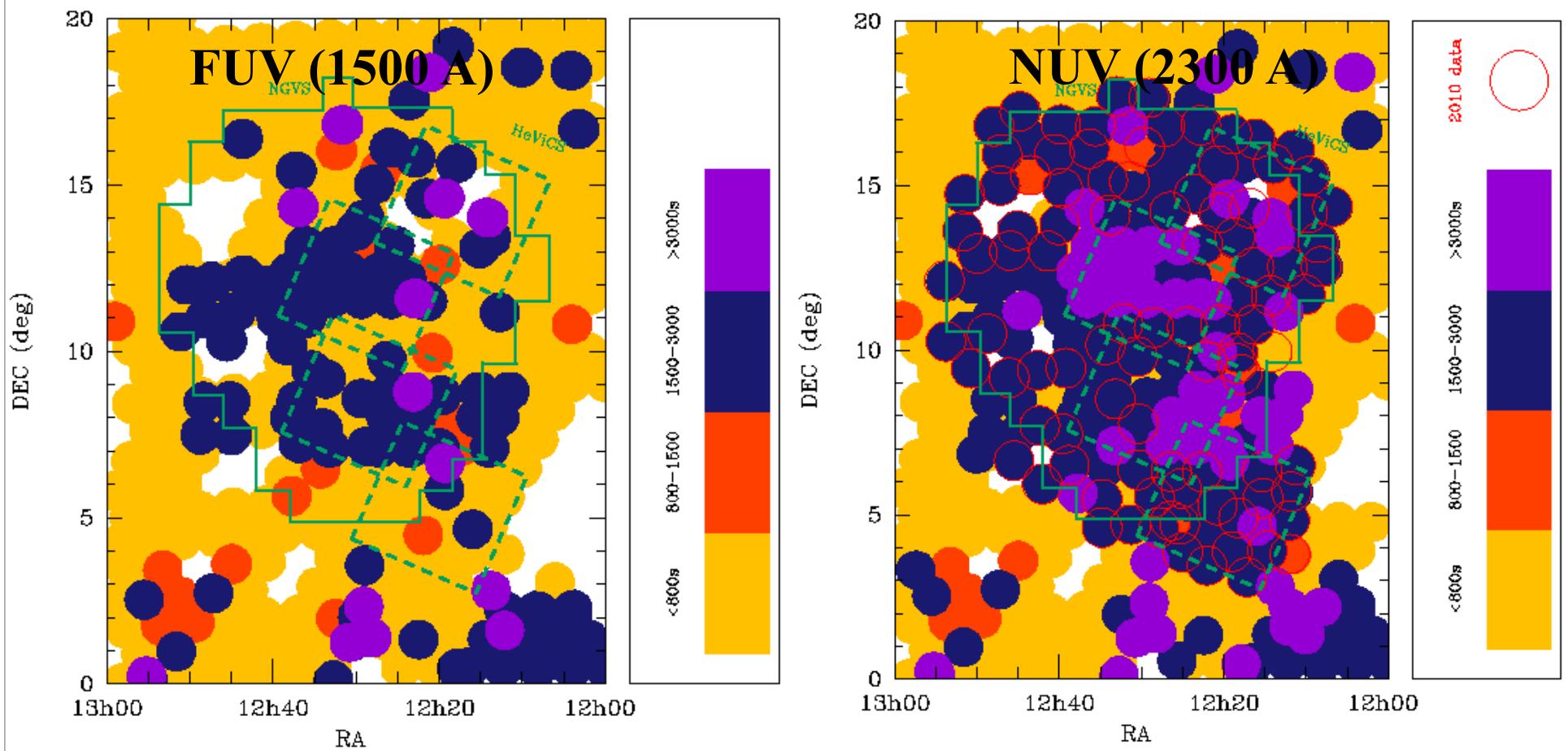
Exp. Time: ~ 1 orbit (1500 sec)

Completeness: ~ 21.5 AB mag; ~ 27.5 AB mag arcsec $^{-2}$

Detection rate: NUV $\sim 10^6$ sources; FUV $\sim 10^5$ sources

Angular resolution: 4-5 arcsec

The GALEX UV Virgo cluster survey: GUViCS



Boselli et al 2011

Chemo-spectrophotometric multizone model of galaxy evolution

Boissier & Prantzos 2000

- disc with an exponentially declining surface density profile formed from a halo of mass given by the CDM models of Mo et al (1998).
- SFR: rotation modulated Schmidt law (Boissier et al 2003)

$$\text{SFR}(R,t) = \alpha \Sigma_{\text{gas}}(R,t)^{1.5} V(R) R^{-1}$$

- infall rate exponentially decreasing with time
- calibrated on the Milky Way: the resulting free parameters are λ (spin parameter) and V_{rot} (rotational velocity)

-

Modelling the interaction

1) Starvation ----> stopping infall

2) Ram pressure $\rho_{\text{IGM}} V_{\text{gal}}^2 > 2 G \Sigma_{\text{star}} \Sigma_{\text{gas}}$

Gas loss rate = $\varepsilon \Sigma_{\text{gas}} / \Sigma_{\text{potential}}$

$\varepsilon(t)$ = efficiency (ε_0 free parameter)

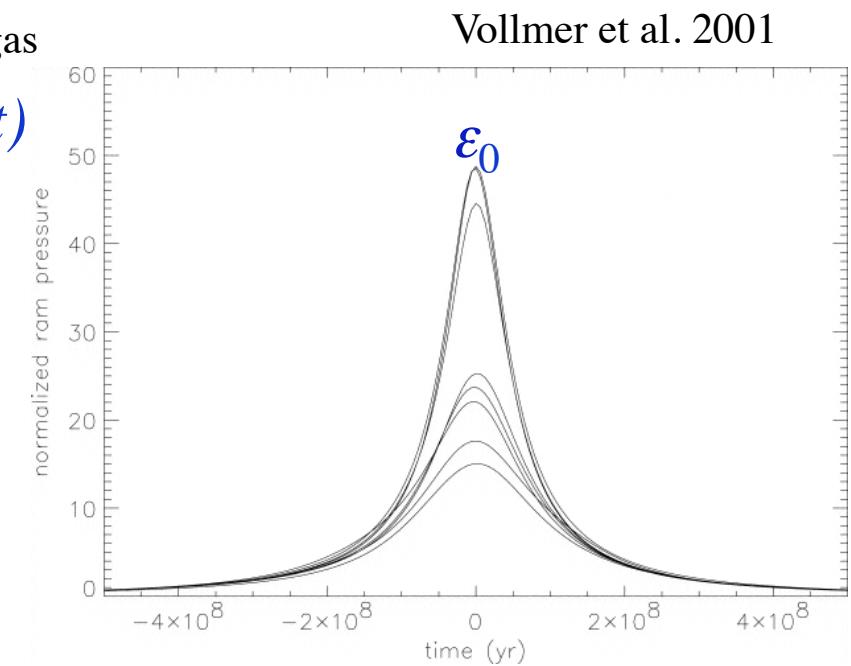
Σ_{gas} = gas column density

$\Sigma_{\text{potential}}$ = total local density (potential of the galaxy)

time

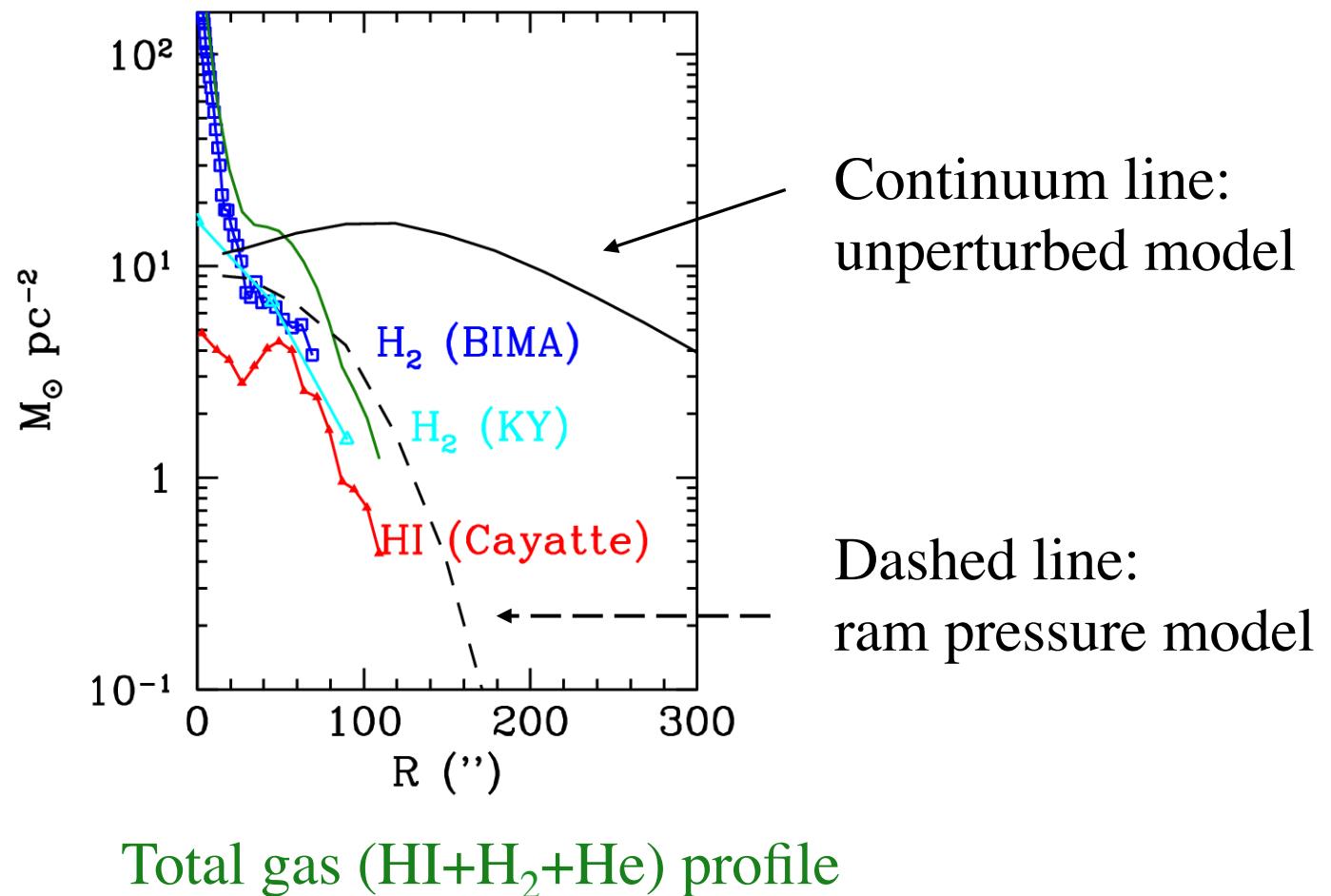
t = age of the interaction (free parameter)

Δt = duration of the interaction (9 10^7 years)



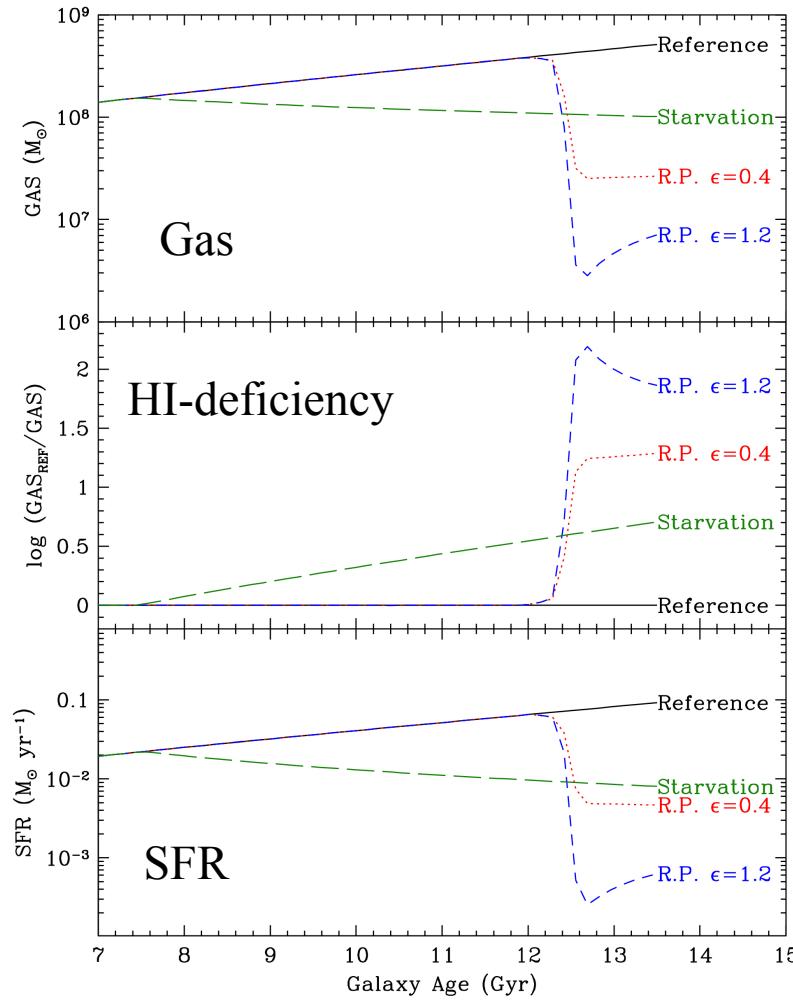
Model calibration on the Virgo cluster anemic galaxy NGC 4569

Model calibration (Boissier & Prantzos 2000): constrain of the free parameters λ (spin parameter) and V_{rot} (rotational velocity)



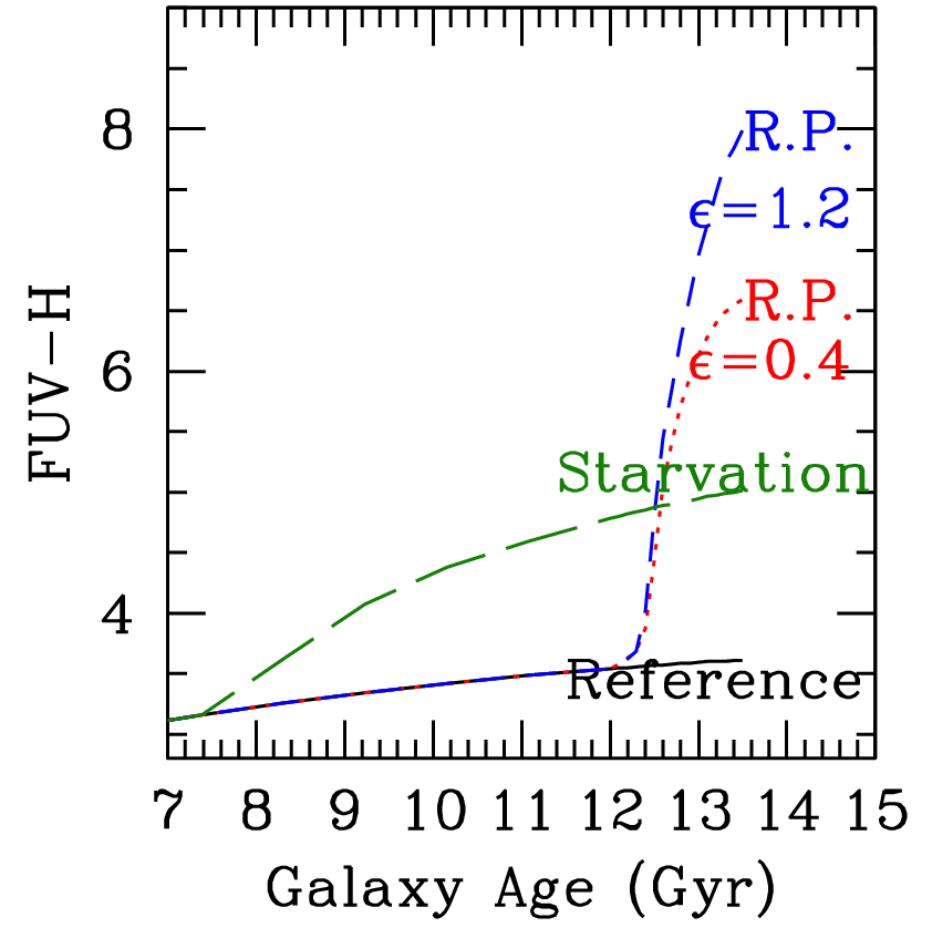
The origin of dE in clusters

Continuum line: unperturbed model



Age

$$\varepsilon_0 \text{ (NGC4569)} = 3\varepsilon_0$$



Age

The origin of dE in clusters

Open squares: Sa-Scd

Crosses: Sd-Im-BCD

Filled circles: dE-dS0

Open circles: E-S0-

S0a

Ram pressure ε_0
(NGC4569)

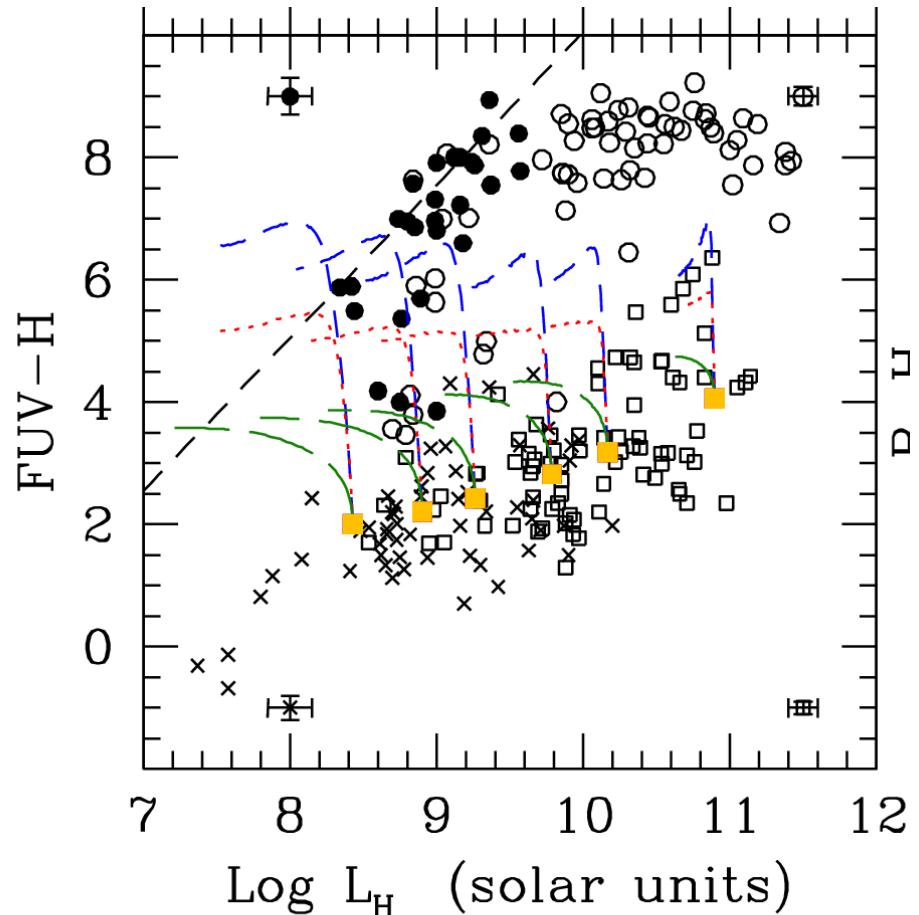
Ram pressure ε_0

Starvation

Yellow square:
unperturbed model

Dashed line: GALEX
detection limit

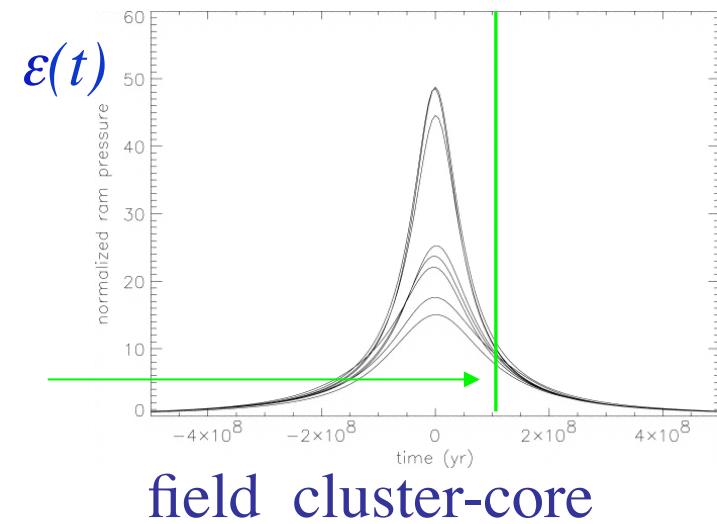
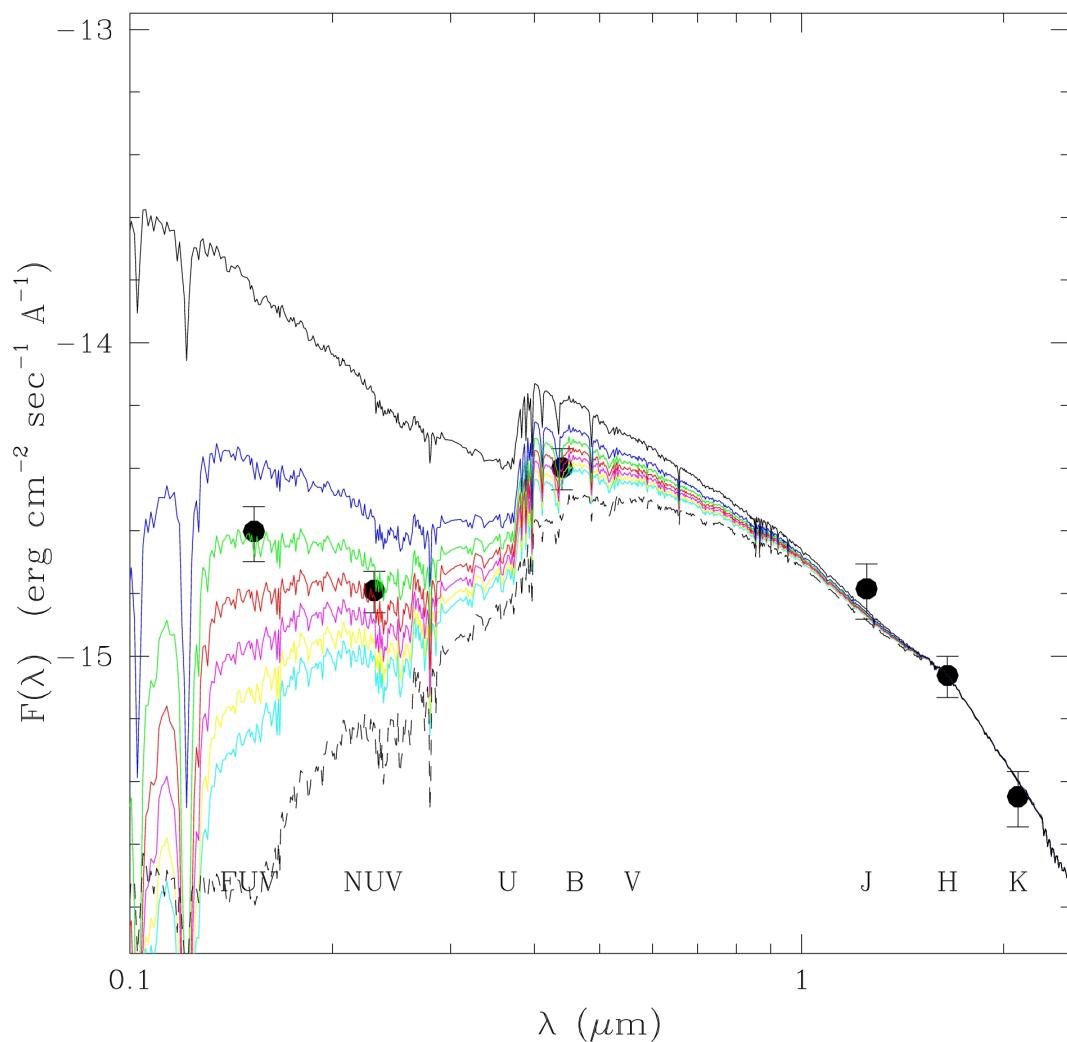
Galaxies get redder



Boselli et al 2008a,b

The origin of dE in clusters

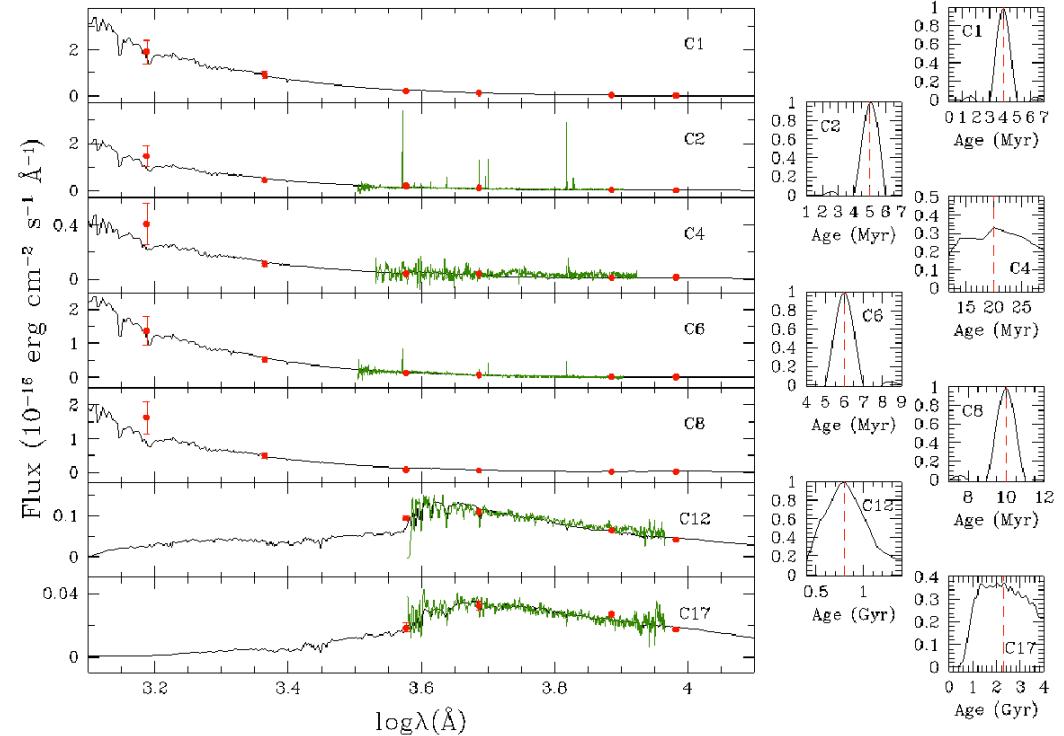
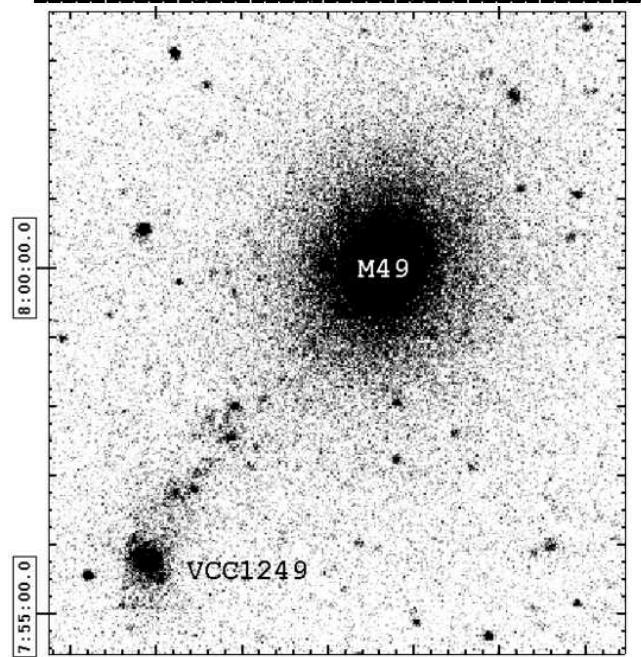
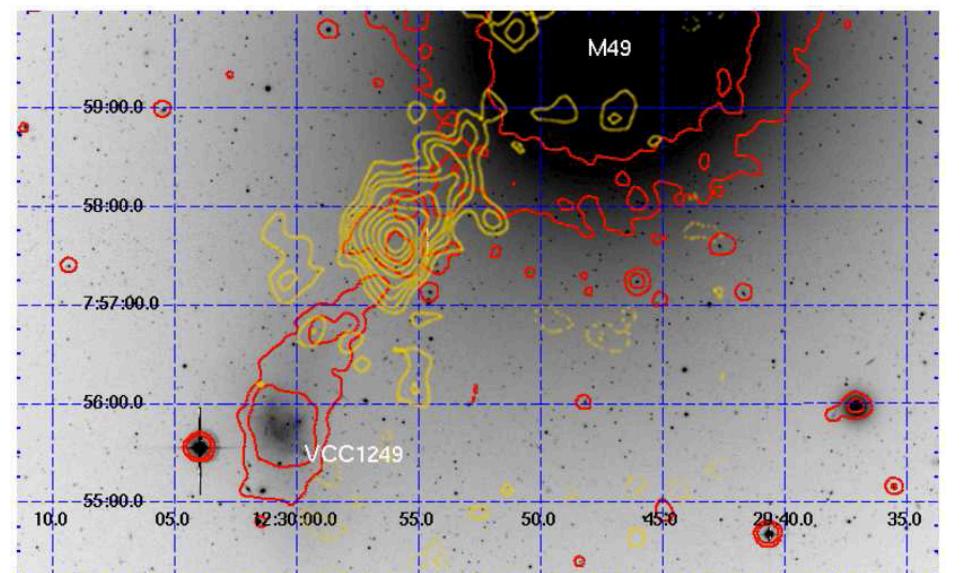
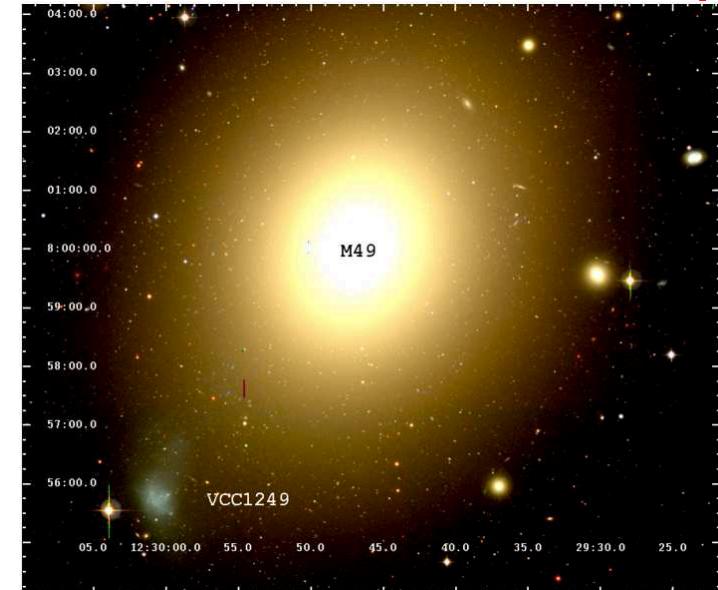
VCC 1617



field cluster-core

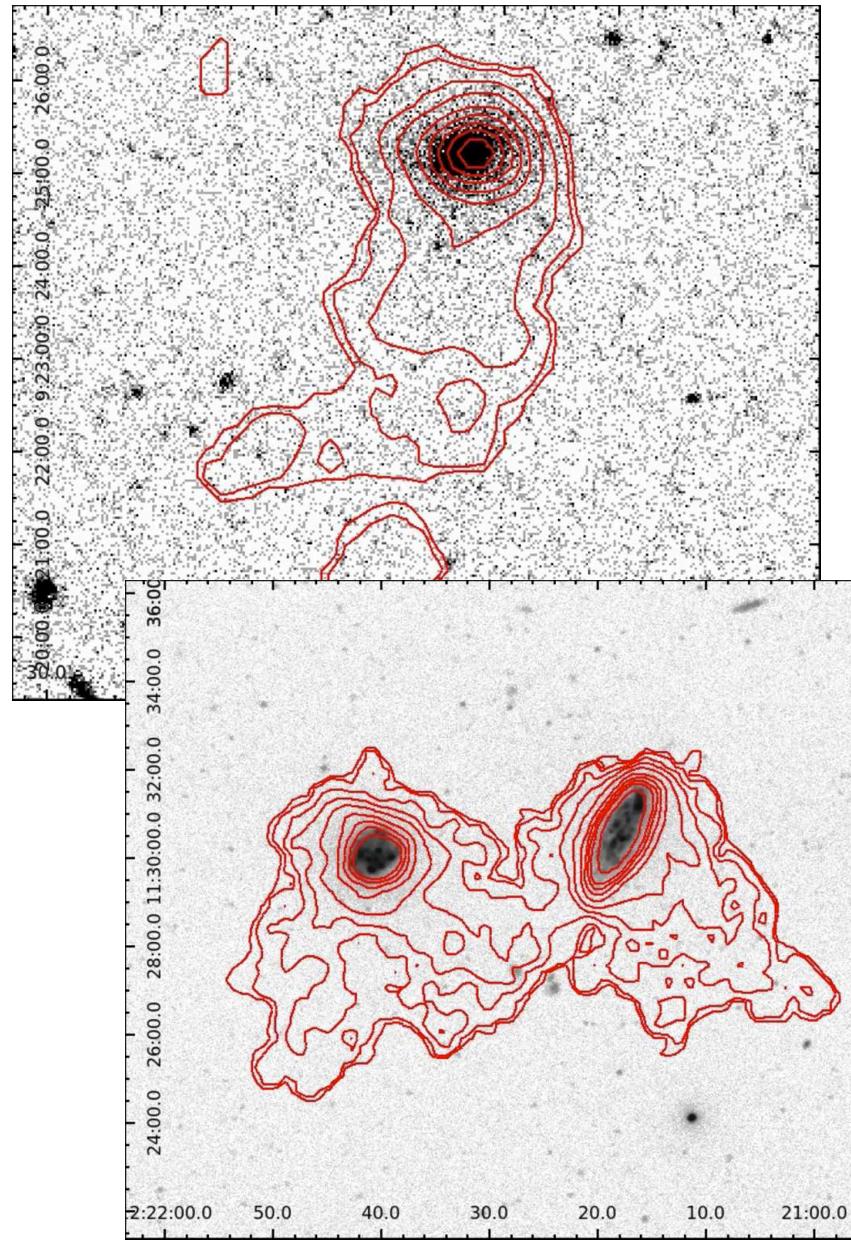
Continuum Black=without interaction Blue: $t=0$ green: $t=100$ red $t=200$
magenta: $t=300$ yellow: $t=400$ cyan: $t=500$ Dashed black=1300 Myr

The fate of the stripped gas in Virgo cluster galaxies

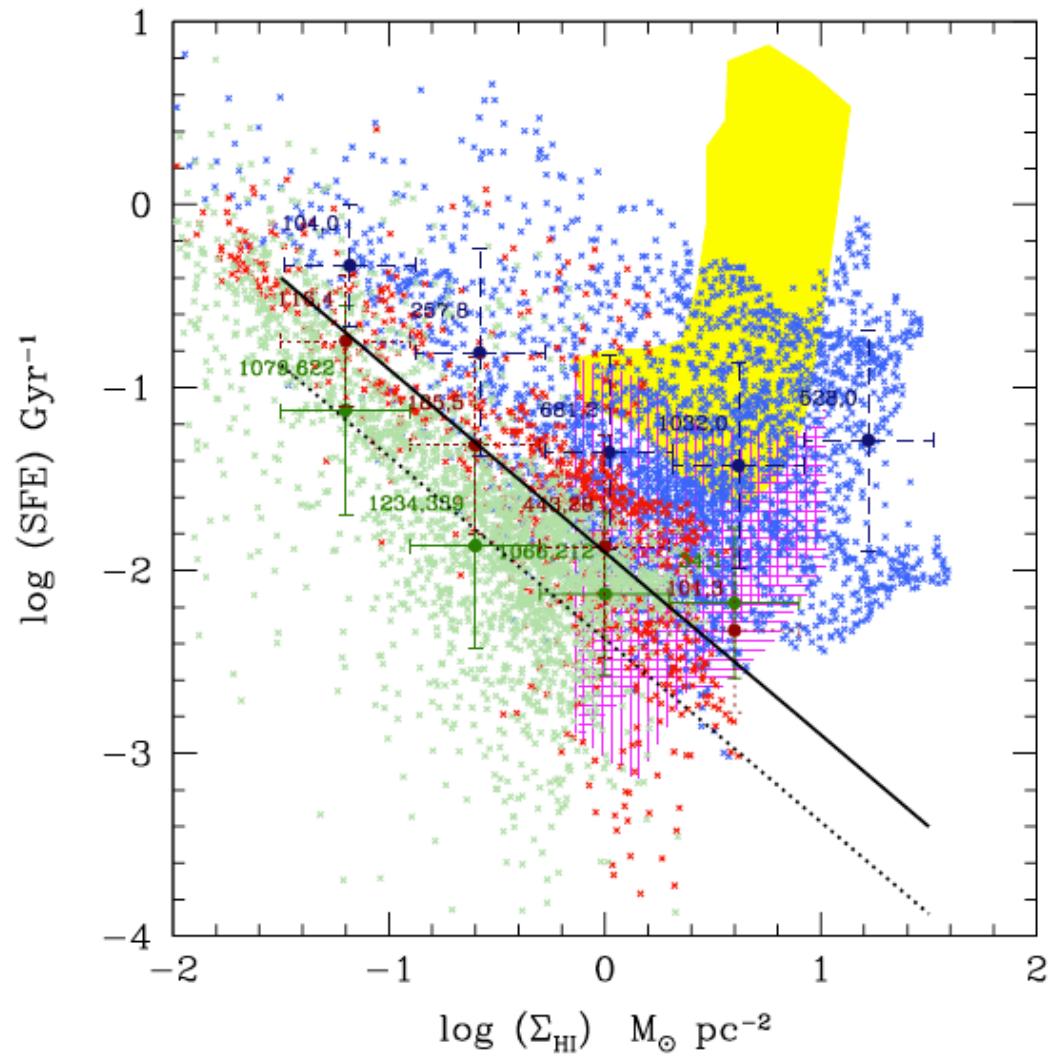


Arrigoni-Battaia et al 2012

The fate of the stripped gas in Virgo cluster galaxies



Boissier et al 2012



The UV luminosity function of the central 12 sq.deg

